1	1.\ A method of management of time zone information in a calendar application
2	comprising:
. 3	storing an event associated with a block of time;
JD 4	storing a time zone attribute associated with the event;
5	establishing a display time zone for display of events;
76	translating the block of time associated with the event from the stored time
/ ₇	zone to∕the display time zone; and
8	displaying the event as occurring at the translated block of time.
9	
10	2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the event is displayed in a daily
11	time grid. \
12	
013 014 015	3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the display time zone is
¹ 214	established by a user selection through a user interface element.
<u>[</u> 15	
ա 16	4. The method according to claim 1, wherein the display time zone established
¹ ≟17	by receiving a message indicating that a time zone change has occurred.
18	
^ល ្ឋ19	5. The method according to claim 4, wherein the message is received from a
`≟20	network service provider.
<u>.</u> 21	
22	6. The method according to claim 4, wherein the establishing of the display
23	time zone further comprises receiving an input from a user confirming a change in
24	time zone.
25	
26	7. The method according to claim 1, carried out in a palmtop computer.
27	
28	8. An electronic storage medium storing instructions which, when carried our
29	on a programmed processor, carry out the method according to claim 1.
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PATENT

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ı	9. Apaintop computer having time zone information management, comprising.
2	\a programmed processor;
3	a display;
4	a\calendar application running on the programmed processor to store an
5	event associated with a block of time, the calendar application further operating to:
6	store an event time zone attribute associated with the event;
7	store a display time zone for display of events;
8	ranslate the block of time associated with the event from the stored
9	time zone to the display time zone; and
10	means for displaying the event as occurring at the translated block of time
11	on the display.
ຼີ 12	
13	√ 10. The palmtop\computer according to claim 9, wherein the means for
14	displaying displays the event in a daily time grid on the display.
15	
16	11. The palmtop computer according to claim 9, further comprising establishing
17	the display time zone by receiving a message indicating that a time zone change
18	has occurred.
19	
20	12. The palmtop computer according to claim 11, further comprising establishing
² 21	the display time zone by an input from a user confirming a change in time zone.
22	
23	13. The palmtop computer according to claim 9, further comprising a user
24	interface.
25	The polyton computer constitute aloign 12 further computer actablishing
26	14. The palmtop computer according to claim 13, further comprising establishing
27	the display time zone by a user selection from a display time zone user interface
28 29	element forming part of the user interface.
. Z J	

1	/	15. The palmtop computer according to claim 14, wherein the display time zone
2		user interface element forming part of the user interface comprises a display time
3		zone menu.
4		
5		16. The palmtop computer according to claim 13, further comprising establishing
6		the event time zone by a user selection from an event time zone user interface
7		element forming part of the user interface.
.8		
9		17. The palmtop computer according to claim 16, wherein the event time zone
10		user interface element forming part of the user interface comprises a time zone
11		menu.
្នាំ2		
12 3 4 5	V	18. The palmtop computer according to claim 9, wherein the display time zone
∄4		is associated with a first difference between the display time zone and Greenwich
[]15		Mean Time;
[]6		and wherein the and the event time zone is associated with a second
≈ 17 ·		difference between the event time zone and Greenwich Mean Time;
口 데8		and wherein the translating comprises finding a difference between the first
[]19		difference and the second difference.
(20		
21		

1	19\ A paintop computer having time zone information management, comprising:
2	a programmed processor;
3	√ a display;
4	\a user interface;
5	a calendar application running on the programmed processor to store an
6	event associated with a block of time, the calendar application further operating to:
7	store an event time zone attribute associated with the event;
8	store a display time zone for display of events;
9	translate the block of time associated with the event from the stored
10	time\zone to the display time zone;
11	means for displaying the event as occurring at the translated block of time
₃ 12	in a daily time grid on the display;
12 13	wherein the display time zone is established by a user selection from a
<u>1</u> 14	display time zone user interface element forming part of the user interface;
15	wherein the event time zone is established by a user selection from an event
<u>.</u> 16	time zone user interface element forming part of the user interface.
17	
18	20. The palmtop computer according to claim 19, wherein the display time zone
19	may further be established by receiving a message indicating that a time zone
20	change has occurred, and receiving an input from a user confirming a change in
₫ 21	time zone.
22	
23	21. The palmtop computer according to claim 19, wherein the event time zone
24	user interface element forming part of the user interface comprises an event time
25	zone menu.
26	
27	22. The palmtop computer according to claim 19, wherein the display time zone
28	user interface element forming part of the user interface comprises a display time
29	zone menu.

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23.	ackslashThe palmtop computer according to claim 19, wherein the display time zone
is ass	ociated with a first difference between the display time zone and Greenwich
Mean	Time:

and wherein the and the event time zone is associated with a second difference between the event time zone and Greenwich Mean Time;

and wherein the translating comprises finding a difference between the first difference and the second difference.